

Automated Vehicles: What, Why & When

by





SELE-DRIVING
UBER FLEET
Starting in
Pittsburgh
A handful of cars
Safety drivers in
front seat

SHARI THE

Professor, ORFE (Operations Research & Financial Engineering)

Director, CARTS
(Consortium for Automated Road Transportation Safety)
Faculty Chair, PAVE

(Princeton Autonomous Vehicle Engineering) *Princeton University*





NYSAMPO 2017 Annual Conference

June 21, 2017 Syracuse, NY







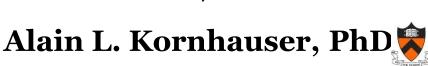




THE ROAD

SmartDrivingCars Why, What, When

& Implications on MPOs





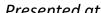
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- Why:
 - Problem statement
 - Safety, Personal Pleasure & Mobility (Quality-of-Life)
- What & When:
 - Levels of "Smartness"
 - 'Safe-driving Car', 'Self-driving Cars' & 'Driverless Cars'
- Implications & How can MPOs help:
 - the 'Good', the 'Bad' & the 'Great





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- Why:
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Quality of Life 101: Important Elements

- Environment
 - Clean air, water, ...
- Employment
 - "High Quality" Jobs
 - Correlated with Crime/Personal Safety
- Mobility
 - Safety, Efficiency, Equity, Comfort, Convenience, ...

Main Premise:

- Inevitable that we will Create Smart Driving Technology:
 - Cost (Technology) < Net Present Value { Expected [Reduced Liability (Technology)]}
 -> Insurance can pay for adoption of the technology AND make more money,
- "High Quality" Jobs are created,
- Mobility is enhanced,
- Lives are saved, injuries avoided and disruption averted, ...
- Environment is improved
- All for FREE!





Problem Statement



- Two objectives
 - 1. Safety: We are killing, Injuring and Causing way too much property damage in delivering mobility to individuals







What Problem are/should we be addressing

- Deaths/yr.: ~ 38K US; ~1.25M World
- Leading cause of death for ages of 5 -> 35
- Driving: One of the most dangerous occupations
 - Worse than coal mining
- NHTSA: Car Crashes cost US \$871B/yr (~ \$2,800/person 5/29/14)
 - (\$2.8K/person); 1/3 Cash
- > 90% involve Human error
- The Bad news (Safety Council's Press release): Things are getting worse!





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Early Estimate of Motor Vehicle Traffic Fatalities in 2012

Quarter	1st Quarter (Jan–Mar)	2nd Quarter (Apr–Jun)	3rd Quarter (Jul–Sep)	4th Quarter (Oct–Dec)	Total (Full Year)							
Fatalities and Percentage Change in Fatalities for the Corresponding Quarter From the Prior Year												
2005	9,239	11,005	11,897	11,369	43,510							
2006	9,558 [+3.5%]	10,942 [-0.6%]	11,395 [-4.2%]	10,813 [-4.9%]	42,708 [-1.8%]							
2007	9,354 [-2.1%]	10,611 [-3.0%]	11,056 [-3.0%]	10,238 [-5.3%]	41,259 [-3.4%]							
2008	8,459 [-9.6%]	9,435 [-11.1%]	9,947 [-10.0%]	9,582 [-6.4%]	37,423 [-9.3%]							
2009	7,552 [-10.7%]	8,975 [-4.9%]	9,104 [-8.5%]	8,252 [-13.9%]	33,883 [-9.5%]							
2010	6,755 [-10.6%]	8,522 [-5.0%]	9,226 [+1.3%]	8,496 [+3.0%]	32,999 [-2.6%]							
2011	6,708 [-0.7%]	8,216 [-3.6%]	8,960 [-2.9%]	8,483 [-0.2%]	32.367 [-1.9%]							
2012 [†]	7,550 [+12.6%]	8,650 [+5.3%]	9,250 [+3.2%]	8,630 [+1.7%]	34,080 [+5.3%]							







What Problem are/should we be addressing

Press Release on Feb 16, 2016:



NSC Motor Vehicle Fatality Estimates

Prepared by the Statistics Department National Safety Council

Motor-vehicle deaths up 8% in 2015.

With continued lower gasoline prices and an improving economy resulting in an estimated 3.5% increase in motor-vehicle mileage, the number of motor-vehicle deaths in 2015 totaled 38,300, up 8% from 2014. The 2015 estimate is provisional and may be revised when more data are

http://www.nsc.org/NewsDocuments/2016/mv-fatality-report-1215.pdf

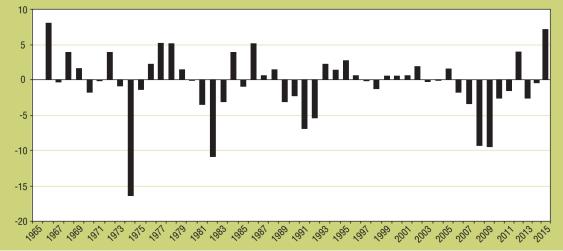




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Figure 1
Percentage Change in Total Traffic Fatalities, 1965–2015



Sources: 1965–1974: National Center for Health Statistics, HEW, and State Accident Summaries (Adjusted to 30-Day Traffic Deaths by NHTSA); FARS 1975-2014 Final File, 2015 Annual Report File (ARF)

Figure 2 shows the number of fatalities and the fatality rate per 100 million VMT since 1966. The 2015 fatality count (35,092) is the highest number since 2008. In 2015 an estimated 2.44 million people were injured in motor vehicle traffic crashes, com-

pared to 2.34 million in 2014 as shown in Figure 3 according to NHTSA's National Automotive Sampling System (NASS) General Estimates System (GES), a statistically significant increase of 4.5 percent.

Figure 2
Fatalities and Fatality Rate per 100 Million VMT, by Year, 1965–2015



Sources: 1965–1974: National Center for Health Statistics, HEW, and State Accident Summaries (Adjusted to 30-Day Traffic Deaths by NHTSA); FARS 1975-2014 Final File 2015 Annual Report File (ARF); Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT): FHWA.



Open data and traffic fatalities





The Problem.... We Love the Car's Freedom & Mobility

But...Continuous Vigilance is an unrealistic requirement for drivers





















TravelTainment Industry Wants Everyone's Attention















THE RELATIVE FREQUENCY OF UNSAFE DRIVING ACTS IN SERIOUS TRAFFIC CRASHES

http://orfe.princeton.edu/~alaink/SmartDrivingCars/NHTSA_Hendricks2001_UnsafeDrivingActs.pdf

Summary Technical Report

By D. L. Hendricks, Veridian Engineering, Inc. J. C. Fell, Star Mountain, Inc. M. Freedman, Westat, Inc.

Contributing Authors:

"In 717 out of 723 crashes (99%), a driver behavioral error caused or contributed to the crash"

•	DRIVER INATTENTION	22.7%
•	VEHICLE SPEED	18.7%
•	ALCOHOL IMPAIRMENT	18.2%
•	PERCEPTUAL ERRORS (e.g. looked, but didn't see)	15.1%
•	DECISION ERRORS (e.g. turned with obstructed view)	10.1%
•	INCAPACITATION (e.g. fell asleep)	6.4%







Txtng while driving is out of control...

















Response is Laudable





TXTNG & DRIVNG... IT CAN WAIT

a message from at&t



Save yourself a \$124 ticket — and save lives!

Virkland MA

April 3: US DOT Launches First-Ever National Distracted Driving Enforcement and Advertising Campaign



But... Not Likely to be Effective







Up to today:

safety addressed using

Crash Mitigation

(air bags, seat belts, crash worthiness, ...)









Can Automated Vehicle Technology Help???





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<u>Play video</u>







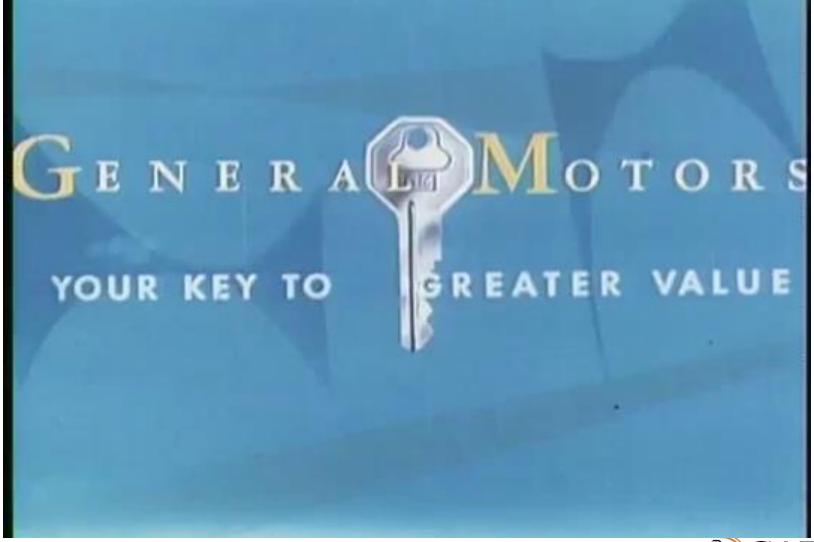
At one time we thought....









































Evolution of AHS Concept

AHS Studies by FHWA in late 70's and mid 90's

2004 2005 2007











2005 2007











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Making Sure We Are Using the Same Terminology...

- Lots of confusion... 'Connected'; 'Autonomous',
 'Automated', '4 NHTSA Levels' '5 SAE Levels'...
- Only 3 kinds:
 - 'Safe-Driving Cars... (Trucks or Buses)'
 - Always on Automated Emergency Braking & Lane Centering
 - Delivers: Safety
 - Needs Insurance to Promote Wide-spread Adoption w/o Government Mandate





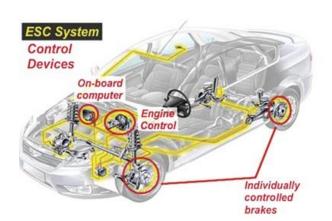




'Safe-Driving Cars'... All About SAFETY

- On... ALL the Time (in the background, watching, waiting...)
- To 'Bail out' Drivers when they do something 'stupid'...
- We already accept some of this automated technology...
 - Anti-lock Brakes
 - Electronic Stability Control





Both: Override the driver and "Do the right thing"





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 - Electronic Stability Control
 - Extend these to...
 - Don't run into things







http://orfe.princeton.edu/~alaink/SmartDrivingCars/Videos/Subaru%20EyeSight Commercial60secCrashTest.mp4

Fundamental AV Concept









Fundamental AV Concept











Fundamental AV Concept









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 - Extend these to...
 - Don't run into things
 - Unfortunately, some on the market don't work well...







	12 mph test			25 mph test			Forward collision warning	
Speed reduction (mph)	less than 5	5 to 9	10 or more	less than 5	5 to 9	10 to 21	22 or more	n/a
Points	0	1	2	0	1	2	3	1

Speed reduction in 12 and 24 mph tests Volvo S60 **Dodge Durango** Subaru Outback 3 point advanced 2 point advanced 6 point superior



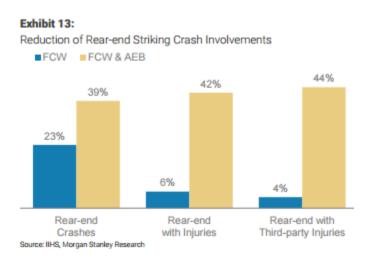


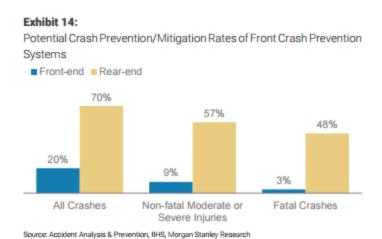


Morgan Stanley | RESEARCH



ADAS Deep Dive: Current Effectiveness and Penetration Levels Feb 1, 2017





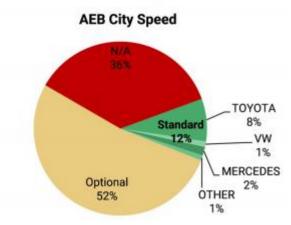
One could reasonably argue that if a technology can save 10k or 20k lives and hundreds of thousands of injuries per year in the US it should be (1) affordable and (2) not be optional equipment. Contrary to this, we found the majority of models currently available either do not offer active safety features or offer them only as optional equipment at prohibitively high costs. Our key takeaways are summarized below:





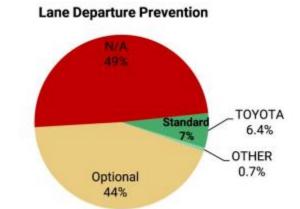
PA PRINCETON AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE ENGINEERING

Exhibit 16: Toyota dominates standard AEB equipment



Only 12% of vehicles sold in the US year-to-date are equipped with standard AEB, of which 2/3 (8% of overall vehicles sold) are made by Toyota. Total cost safety ownership ranges between an additional 2.5% (or \$900) on top of base vehicle MSRP up to 60% (or \$18,220)

Exhibit 17: 50% of vehicles sold do not offer lane departure prevention technology



We also observed that safety package options are often only available on toptier trims within a model.

None of GM, Ford or Fiat offer standard active safety equipment on models sold this year.

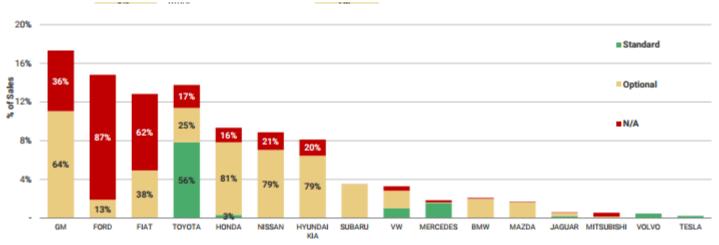






Exhibit 18:

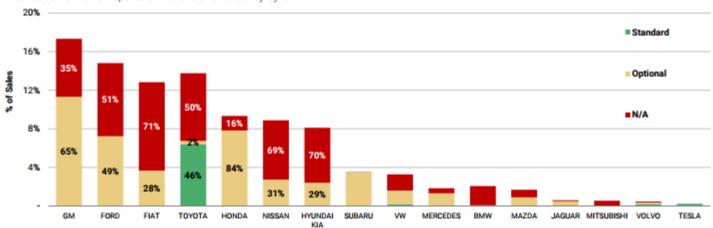
Distribution of AEB City Speed availability by OEM



Source: Autodata, Consumer Reports, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 19:

Distribution of Lane Departure Prevention availability by OEM



Source: Autodata. Consumer Reports. Morgan Stanley Research









NHTSA's full final investigation into Tesla's Autopilot shows 40% crash rate reduction

Posted Jan 19, 2017 by Darrell Etherington (@etherington)

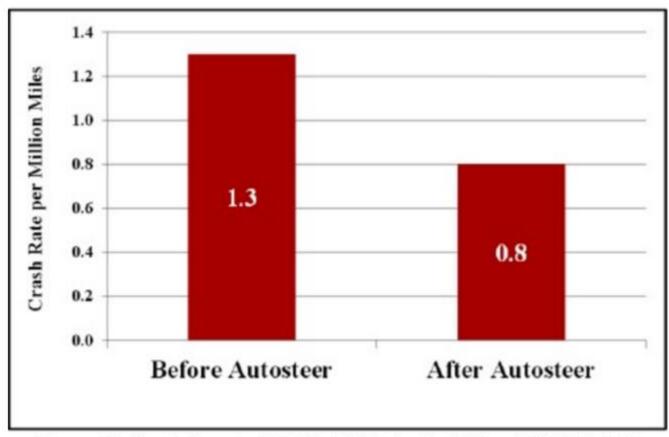


Figure 11. Crash Rates in MY 2014-16 Tesla Model S and 2016 Model X vehicles Before and After Autosteer Installation.







Why should Safety Advocates Focus on 'Safe-Driving Cars'???

- They 'Bail out' Drivers when they do something stupid..
- We already accept some of this...
 - Anti-lock Brakes
 - Electronic Stability Control
 - Extend these to...
 - Don't run into things
 - Don't depart from the lane unless you signal
 - No Crazy speeding









Why should Safety Advocates Focus on 'Safe-Driving Cars'???

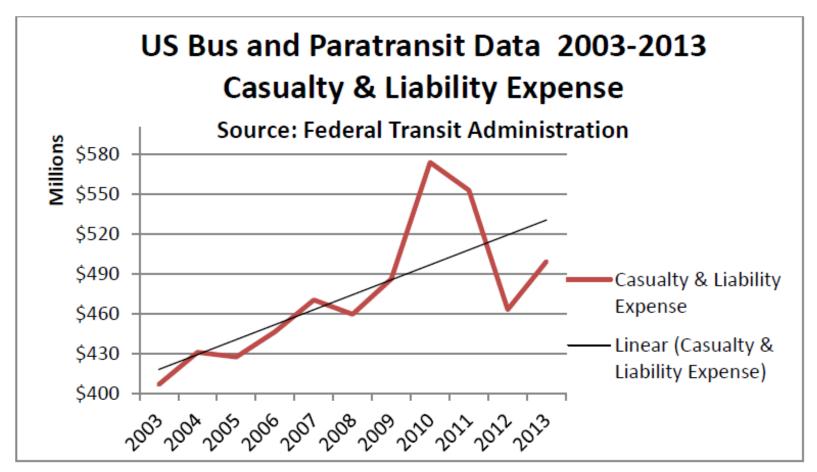
- They 'Bail out' Drivers when they do something stupid...
- We already accept some of this...
 - Anti-lock Brakes
 - Electronic Stability Control
 - Extend these to...
 - Don't run into things
 - Don't depart from the lane unless you signal and it is safe
 - No Crazy speeding
- Should be able to reduce Collisions by > 50%
 - Make real progress towards VISION ZEROs
 - Print \$\$\$\$ for Fleet operators and Insurance companies







They Print \$\$\$... Example from Transit Industry...









Also... They Print \$\$\$\$ Example from Transit Industry...

2013 Nationwide Bus Casualty and Liability Expense

Source FTA NTD

Casualty and Liability
Amount

Vehiclerelated 119 Fatalities 15,351 Injuries







Also... They Print \$\$\$\$ Example from Transit Industry...

2013 Nationwide Bus Casualty and Liability Expense Source FTA NTD

Casualty and Liability
Amount

Vehiclerelated 119 Fatalities 15,351 Injuries \$499,872,628.

Total Buses

Commuter Bus (CB), Motor Bus (MB), Bus Rapid Transit (RB), Demand Responsive (DR) 80,795

Sub-Total Casualty and Liability Amount Per Bus

\$6,187/Bus/Year





Safe-Driving Cars:



Impact on the Way we do Business

Consumers:

 Respond to the affordable ADAS-equipped cars and buy Toyota, Volvos, Subarus, Teslas and Benzes

Insurance:

 Recognize the LOSS Prevention of ADAS-equipped cars and especially encourage their higher risk customers to purchase the best ADASequipped cars.

Public fleet purchasing agents:

 Purchase ONLY ADAS-equipped vehicles. Since public entities can't run away from the crash liability exposure, ADAS "prints money"!

Public Risk Pools:

- Incentivize and insist that purchasing agents buy ONLY the best ADASequipped vehicles
 - This is beginning to happen with Transit Risk Pools & Transit Agencies

NHTSA/IIHS/Consumer Reports/Public Oversight/???

Establish a consistent naming and stringent rating system for ADAS

Auto Manufacturers

Substantially improve the price/performance of their ADAS offerings







Making Sure We Are Using the Same Terminology...

- Lots of confusion... 'Connected'; 'Autonomous',
 'Automated', '4 NHTSA Levels' '5 SAE Levels'...
- Only 3 kinds:
 - 'Safe-Driving Cars... (Trucks or Buses)'
 - Always on Automated Emergency Braking & Lane Centering
 - Delivers: Safety
 - Needs Insurance to Promote Wide-spread Adoption w/o Government Mandate
 - 'Self-Driving Cars... (Trucks or Buses)' https://electrek.co/2017/06/12/first-drive-tesla-autopilot-2-0-autopark/













Self-Driving Cars:



Impact on the Way we do Business

Consumers:

Will pay almost anything for this feature that "enables texting"

Insurance:

 Make sure Self-driving doesn't compromise Safety Gains of Safedriving Cars

Public fleet purchasing agents:

Stay away from this technology

Public Risk Pools:

 Incentivize and insist that purchasing agents buy ONLY Safedriving cars; Stay away from this technology

NHTSA/IIHS/Consumer Reports/Public Oversight/???

 VMT is going to go through the roof. Trip lengths will increase as will congestion.

Auto Manufacturers

This is their new 21st Century "Corinthian Leather", "Chrome" & "Fins". \$\$\$











'Self-Driving Cars...

Safe-Driving + Abil ¶

On Some stretch

• Delivers: User Co

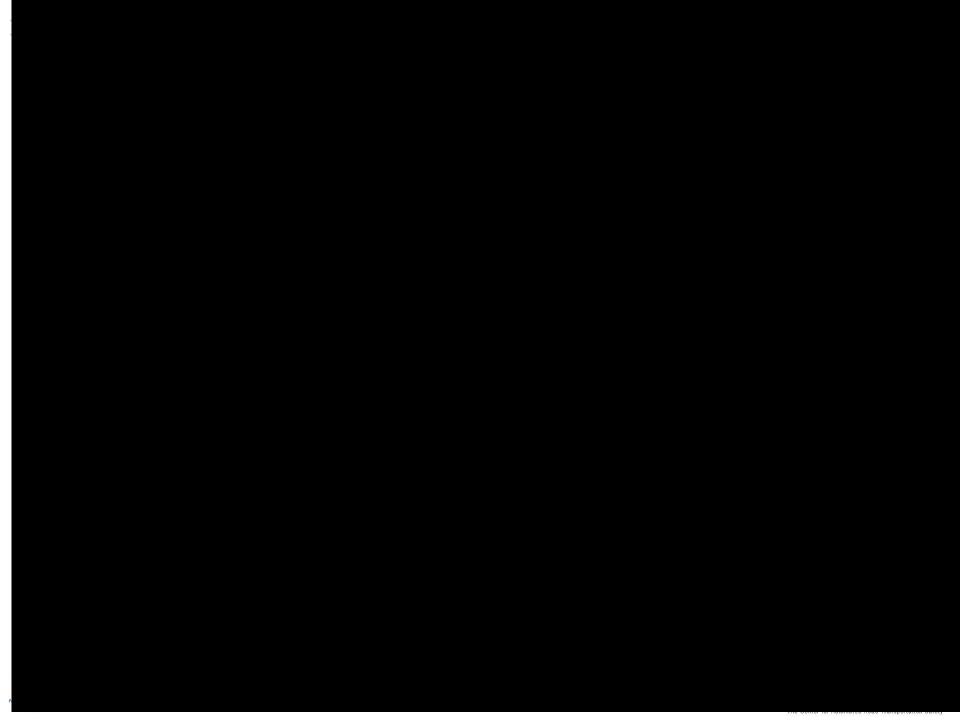
l and/or Feet-Off Pedals es

mental Benefits

- 'Driverless Cars ... (Cars, Trucks or Buses)
 - Safe-Driving + Always: Hands-Off, Feet-Off; No Steering Wheel or Pedals
 - Sharing Some Streets at Some Times with Conventionally-driven vehicles
 - Delivers: Mobility for All + Substantial Environmental Benefits







Driverless Cars:



Impact on the Way we do Business

Consumers:

 Multiple car households in cities and suburbs will decrease enormously and those cars will be used occasionally and NOT in commuting

Insurance:

Personal car insurance will decrease by at least a factor of 10.

Public/private fleets:

- Large Fleets will offer shared-ride on-demand mobility as a service.
- Affordable high-quality mobility will be available to essentially "all".
 - Young, old, handicapped, those under the influence

Public/Private Risk Pools:

Will cover the greatly reduced risk exposure of this form of mobility

NHTSA/IIHS/Consumer Reports/Public Oversight/???

- A new agency will emerge to provide the public oversight on this new form of mobility
- Zoning regulations associated with parking will change substantially changing the value and availability of land.
 - Ridesharing will alleviate congestion.
 - Little need for new roads. Much need to maintain existing roads.

Auto Manufacturers

- May not be the ones manufacturing this form of mobility
- Local goods movement will be done using drieverless technology









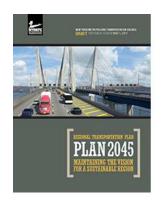
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Implications on MPOs





Detailed Quantitative Forecasts

Assuming Business As Usual

4. **FUTURE CHANGES LIKELY TO IMPACT TRANSPORTATION** Major changes are occurring across the nation and in the NYMTC planning area which are likely to significantly transform the provision, management and use of transportation services and facilities. The drivers of these changes could, and in fact in some cases already are, redefining when, how and why people are traveling and goods are being moved during the planning period. Examples include the following:

- Personal mobility is likely to evolve from vehicle ownership toward increased use of shared, on demand, possibly autonomous vehicles.
- Goods movement is likely to be impacted by technological changes including additive manufacturing (also known as 3D printing), vehicle automation and automated delivery, and the further automation of goods production.

At this writing, it is impractical to quantitatively predict the impact that the drivers of change identified above may have on the trends and forecasts in this section of the Plan, as well as the operation of the transportation system in the NYMTC planning area. However, there is little doubt that some combination of these drivers will have an impact on either or both demand for transportation and/or the manner in which transportation services are provided. Impacts will likely also be felt in the way in which transportation planning is accomplished.

Although quantitative predictions of the impacts of the drivers of change on transportation demand and supply is impractical as of this writing, due mainly to uncertainty about the pace of technological development and its interplay with social adaptive behavior, some qualitative assessments can be made. For the purposes of Plan 2045, these qualitative assessments will need to be noted until better information on trends and behaviors is quantified.







Safe-driving Car (Here Today)

- - 'Safe-Driving Cars... (Trucks or Buses)'
 - Always on Automated Emergency Braking & Lane Centering
 - Delivers: Safety
 - Needs Insurance to Promote Wide-spread Adoption w/o Government Mandate









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Safe-driving Car (Here Today)

- Most Potent "Vision Zero" Tool
- Promote Consumer Adoption
 - Certainly as enthusiastically as Bike riding in promoted
 - Cost practically zero
- Improve visual striping and visual signage
 - Serves everyone (conventional cars and SmartDrivingCars







Self-driving Car (Here Today)



- 'Self-Driving Cars... (Trucks or Buses)' https://electrek.co/2017/06/12/first-drive-tesla-autopilot-2-0-autopark/
 - Safe-Driving + Ability to take Hands-Off Wheel and/or Feet-Off Pedals
 - On Some Stretches of Some Roads and Some Times
 - Delivers: User Convenience + some Environmental Benefits
 - New 'Chrome & Fins". Auto companies & Car dealers know how to sell these







Self-driving Car (Here Today)

- Higher VMT
- More Sprawl
- Little MPOs can do for or against
 - Market forces too strong favoring Auto Industry







Driverless (Barely started, needs a lot of help)



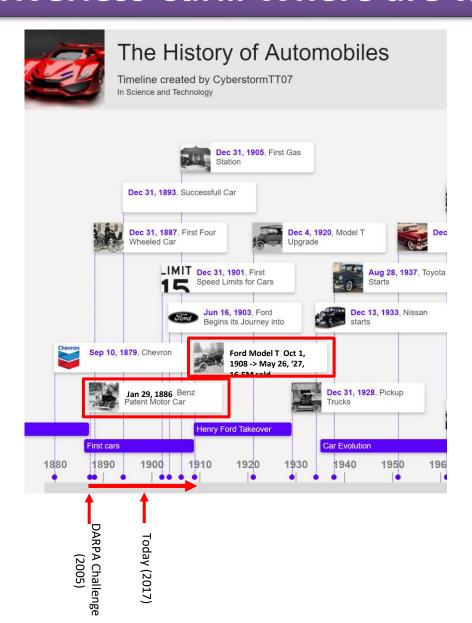
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Driverless Car... Where are we?









Driverless (Barely started, needs a lot of help)

- Auto-ownership will change dramatically.
 - No need for more than one car per household, It will be rarely used
- Activity areas will be served by staging areas and loading/alighting areas rather than the parking of personal vehicles
 - Zoning requirements will change
 - Density requirements will change
- Local commercial delivery will change dramatically
- Mass transit will drastically reduce compressing demand spatially (stations/stops/routes) and temporally (schedules) (become demand responsive)
- We'll be Forced to do something about "Speed Limits"
 - Need to be harmonized



and other "Rules of the Road"





Discussion!

Thank You

alaink@princeton.edu

www.SmartDrivingCar.com





Solve etc ecte dayare

NATE OCTE POCTE



Driverless Car... Where are we?





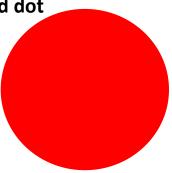


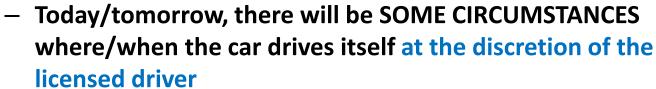


a Mobility Perspective on SmartDrivingCars:

- Where/When ...under well-defined circumstances... each car can drive itself (no human intervention)
 - Yesterday', ALL CIRCUMSTANCES required a licensed driver











- There are OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES where/when the car drives itself irrespective of the driver's discretion
 - Let's represent these CIRCUMSTANCES with a Green dot















Type of SmartDrivingCar	Insurance Implications	Value Proposition	Market Force (who/what)	Societal Implications
		(driver/buyer)		







Type of SmartDrivingCar	Insurance Implications	Value Proposition (driver/buyer)	Market Force (who/what)	Societal Implications
Before: "55 Chevy"	Many Accidents, High Claims	Freedom Life Style	Market Dominance (Madison Avenue)	Death trap









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Before (0): "55 Chevy"	Many Accidents, High Claims	Freedom Life Style	Market Dominance (Madison Avenue)	Death trap
0+ "Crash Mitigation" (air bags, seat belts, energy absorbing)	Many Accidents, Higher Claims	Disdain	Public sector; Law enforcement	Fewer deaths









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Safe-driving Cars: (Automated Collision Avoidance Systems) (On ALL the time)				





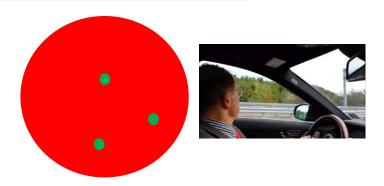


A Mobility Perspective on SmartDrivingCars:

"Safe-Driving Car" (or Truck or Bus)

(aka AutomatedCollisionAvoidance...)

 - 'Circumstances': from the beginning of a crash-imminent location/time and to a 'safe haven' location/time.









Positioned for Viral Adoption of Safe-Driving Cars

- One only needs to get the Safe-Driving Car technology to 'work' on a 'single' vehicle to initiate viral adoption!
 - Definition of 'work':

Cost of the Technology

<

Net Present Value { Expected Liability Savings delivered by that technology **}**

- Since the technology
 - Does **NOT** require any infrastructure costs
 - Involves mostly 'Moore's Law' Elements
- The inequality will be achieved and
 - Insurance will fuel the viral adoption.







Type of SmartDrivingCar	Insurance Implications	Value Proposition (driver/buyer)	Market Force (who/what)	Societal Implications
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Safe-driving Cars: (Automated Collision Avoidance Systems) (On ALL the time)	50% less \$ liability; ++ profits	Some Comfort	Will need help from "Flo & the Gecko" (Insurance incentivizes adoption)	"50%" fewer accidents; less severity->







Implications of SmartDrivingCars

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1. Safe-driving Cars: (Automated Collision Avoidance Systems) (On ALL the time)	50% less \$ liability; ++ profits	Some Comfort	Will need help from "Flo & the Gecko" (Insurance incentivizes adoption)	"50%" fewer accidents; less severity->
2. Self-driving Cars: "Ultimate Texting Machine"				



(Safe-Driving + Lane Changing & Centering, Intersection Control)



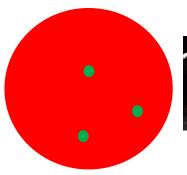


A Mobility Perspective on SmartDrivingCars:

• "Safe-Driving Car" (or Truck or Bus)

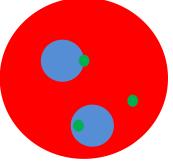
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 - 'Circumstances': NOT necessarily places where the use of this car begins and/or ends.











Implications of SmartDrivingCars

Type of SmartDrivingCar	Insurance Implications	Value Proposition (driver/buyer)	Market Force (who/what)	Societal Implications
0 "55 Chevy"	Many Accidents, High Claims			Death trap
0+ "Crash Mitigation" (air bags, seat belts, energy absorbing)	Many Accidents, High Claims	Disdain	Public sector; Law enforcement	Fewer deaths
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2. Self-driving Cars: "Ultimate Texting Machine" (Safe-Driving + Lane Changing & Centering, Intersection Control)	A little less \$ liability (~Product liability) ++ profits	Liberation (some of the time/places); more Safety	Consumers Pull, TravelTainment Industry Push	++ Car sales, flat Insurance claims, ++ VMT







'Self-Driving Cars' Available Today

#1: Tesla S AutoPilot (~\$2.5K -> \$8K.) See Video 1, and Video 2

Very Good Lane Centering, Jam Assist, Driverless Parking, Indication that AutoPilot reduces 50% of crashes

#2: MB Dystronic Plus (~\$2.8K)

Poor Lane Centering, Very good Jam Assist and Intelligent
Cruise Control

#3: Volvo S90 (Standard Equipment; See video)

OK Lane Centering, Very good Jam Assist and Intelligent
Cruise Control

#4: <u>Subaru Eyesight</u> (~\$3K) (<u>See Video</u>)

Just Lane Departure Warning, Very good Intelligent Cruise
Control, Obtained Superior Rating from IIHS

Others: **BMW & Nissan**















Uber launches self-driving cars in Pittsburgh

http://video.cnbc.com/gallery/?video=3000550995







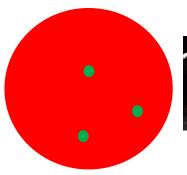


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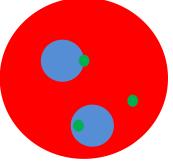
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- "Self-Driving Car" (or Truck or Bus)
 - 'Circumstances': NOT necessarily places where the use of this car begins and/or ends.











How do we get to..."Driverless"...

- What if "Tesla's AutoPilot" was improved to an extent that a driver was unnecessary for the entire trip.
 - Just needs better software (Incremental Cost_{software} -> \$0.00)
 - Then....





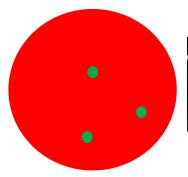


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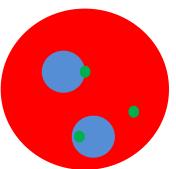
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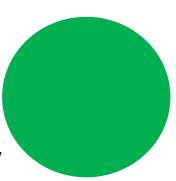


- "Self-Driving Car" (or Truck or Bus)
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- "Driverless Car" (or Truck or Bus)
 - 'Circumstances': MUST necessarily encompass places where the use of this car begins AND ends.
 - Driverless Vehicles CAN reposition themselves empty













Implications of SmartDrivingCars

Level Insurance Implications		Value Proposition	Market Force (who/what)	Societal Implications	
		(driver/buyer)			
0 " 0 "	Many Accidents	Freedom .ife Style	Market Dominance (M	Death tran	
O _{bal}		Disdain	La		
A Ai Co	Google	ne Comfort	Will n 100 RIVE in	ents;	
Te (AC	++ profits	ration (some e time/places)	Travel	5,	

3 Driverless Cars:

'aTaxi' Able to 'Empty Reposition' can deliver 'Mobility as a Service' (MaaS)

Fleet coverage;

(~Product liability)

Chauffeured,
Mobility Bought
"by the Drink"
rather than "by
the Bottle"

LaborCost -> 0
Profitable Business
Opportunity for
Utilities/Transit
Companies

Personal Car = "Bling" not instrument of personal mobility,

Comm. Design ++;

PMT ?; VMT - -, Energy - -,

Congestion - -, Environment ++







Enhanced Mobility From "Driverless"

- Substantially Cheaper Mobility for those that Can't (or Choose not to)
 - Young (10->15)
 - Too Old
 - Visually Impaired
 - Those under the influence
 - (Today, these folks have access to Taxicabs, Uber, Para-transit that have Mobility-on-Demand like the personal automobile, **BUT** they MUST pay for a driver; whereas everyone else can simply use their time and skill.)





'Levels' of SmartDrivingCars



Who Benefits From What?





(Automated Crash Avoidance Systems;): Safety, Comfort & Convenience

An Insurance Profitability Play

'Self-Driving' Car: Pleasure, Safety, Comfort &

An **Enormous Consumer** Play

Convenience







'Driverless' Car:
Pleasure, Mobility,
Efficiency, Equity

Labor -> \$0.00:
Revolutionizes "Mass
Transit" by Enabling
Low-cost Mobility to
very small groups of
riders

A Corporate Utility/Fleet Play





Princeton University





- SmartDrivingCars (aka automated / autonomous /... vehicles):
 - Problem statement
 - Safety & Mobility
- What:
 - 'Safe-Driving'; 'Self-Driving'; 'Driverless'
- How do we get Smarted with Driverless
 - Marketplace & External Forces







Get Started with Viral Adoption

Cost of the Technology

<

Net Present Value { Expected Liability Savings delivered by that technology **}**

- Insurance will/should fuel the viral adoption of Safe-DrivingCar
- Self-Driving ('Ultimate Texting Machine') Sells itself!
 - Auto Industry all over this!! (25% Consumer Electronics Show (CES) about this)







How do we get to "Driverless" Vehicles

So...

We can either: Improve "Tesla AutoPilot".... so that it operates essentially on "all" roads in "all" conditions

(The more roads and the more conditions the more customer "Mobility-on-Demand" trips that can be served, the more the customer will "depend" on the Driverless "autonomousTaxi (aTaxi)" Service.)

Or, **slow down** enough and choose roads that are "**easy"** (naturally constrained) to begin offering Mobility-on-Demand with low-speed **aTaxis** and grow from there.



















Today's Low-speed "Driverless" Vehicles

Easy Mile



- 2GetThere
- robosoft
- Catapult



- Meridian Shuttle
- Google Self-driving car















aTaxis: Become Tomorrow's MasS Transit System

 Driverless vehicles that are capable of mixed use operation on essentially every street, road and highway.





Princeton University





Uncongested Mobility for All New Jersey's Area-wide aTaxi System

ORF 467 Professor Alain L.Kornhauser

Iris Chang'13
Christina Clark'13
JingKang Gao'13
Damjan Korac'13
Brett Leibowitz'13
Philip Oasis'13
Zixi Xu'13
Jaison Zachariah'13
Natasha Harpalani'14
Eileen Lee'14
Alice Lin'14

Aria Miles '14 Hannah Rajeshwar '14 Lucia Wang '14 Charquia Wright '14 Kristin Bergeson '15 Franklyn Darnis '15 Matthew Shackleford '15 Sonia Skoularikis '15 Roger Sperry '15 Andrew Swoboda '15

Operations Research and Financial Engineering Princeton University Fall 2012 - 2013







What would this mean for New Jersey (A microcosm of the USA)

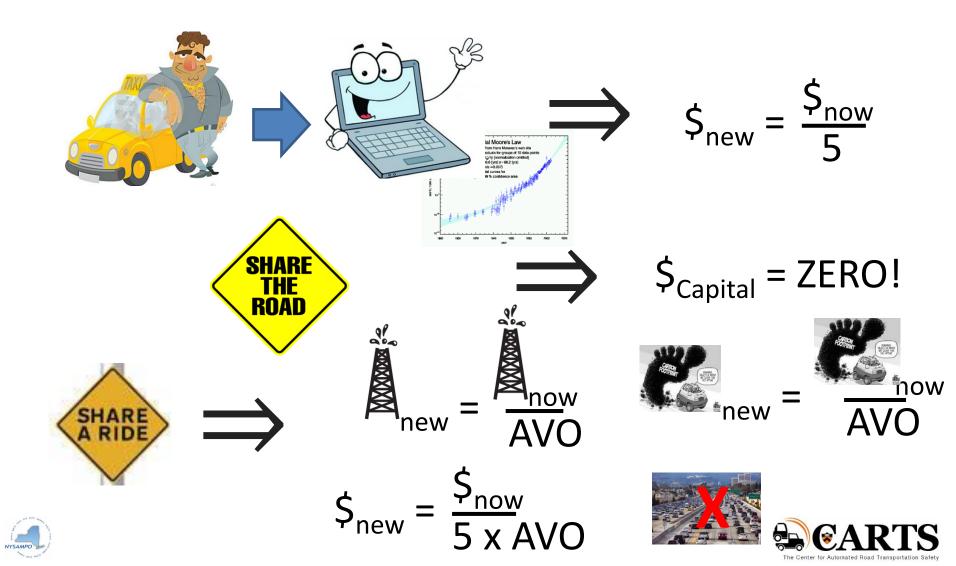
- A Fleet of ~ 1M aTaxis could serve NJ's 28M daily vehicle-borne personTrips
- Average (daily) Vehicle Occupancy (AVO)
 goes from today's 1.0 -> 2.0
- AVO_{PeakHour;PeakDirection}
 goes from today's 1.0 -> 3.0+
 Congestion is Eliminated!
- Ridership on NJ Transit Rail increase five (5)-fold







Fundamental aTaxi Concept





aTaxis: Become Tomorrow's MasS Transit System

- Driverless vehicles that are capable of mixed use operation on essentially every street, road and highway.
 - Not likely to evolve from any low speed driverless except Google's
 - Not likely to evolve from any conventional manufacturer except Tesla
 - While Daimler and others could... The business model...Fleet-based, shared-use, shared-ride is too disruptive.







aTaxis: Become Tomorrow's MasS Transit System

- Driverless vehicles that are capable of mixed use operation on essentially every street, road and highway.
 - Not likely to evolve from any low speed driverless except Google's
 - Not likely to evolve from any conventional manufacturer except Tesla
 - While Daimler and others could... The business model...Fleet sales, shared-use, shared-ride is too disruptive.
 - Needs a new vision to disrupt the \$10T/yr world mobility market.
 - Google: Advertising opportunities fund the whole transformation
 - Apple: Has cash and needs a new market
 - Amazon: aDelivery... labor free "last mile logistics"
 - Uber: Solves their biggest headache: Uber Drivers.
 - New Guy???... <u>Faraday Future</u> <u>also</u> ??? Others????







Discussion!

Thank You

alaink@princeton.edu

www.SmartDrivingCar.com







Very Likely...

- ACA can reduce expected liability by 50% or more
- After 2 years, each of these systems would deliver ~
 \$3k to the bottom line.

- Plus numerous Disruptions, Injuries & Deaths are avoided for FREE.
- No substantive entity (Municipality, University, Corporation) should purchase a new vehicle that doesn't have 'Safe-driving' Technology







2. Accelerate Deployment...

- In somewhat restricted areas @ low speed
 - Retirement communities









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- In somewhat restricted areas @ low speed
 - Retirement communities
 - Private campuses









How can SmartDrivingCars Help Today?

- Substantially Reduce Crashes
 - Now Available... 'Safe-Driving' cars
- Provide Door2Door On-Demand Mobility in 55+ Gated Communities
 - Now Available... Slow-Speed 'Driverless' Systems

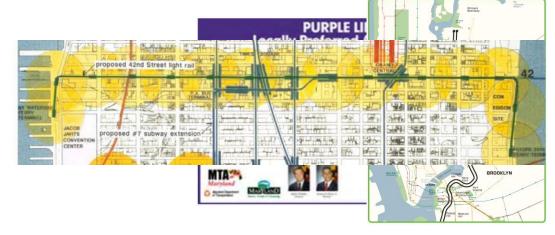






2. Accelerate Deployment...

- In somewhat restricted areas @ low speed
 - Retirement communities
 - Private campuses
 - As alternatives to many proposed Light Rail Systems
 - 'Purple Line'
 - 'Brooklyn' Light Rail
 - '42nd Street' Light Rail









2. Accelerate Deployment...

- In somewhat restricted areas @ low speed
 - Retirement communities
 - Private campuses
 - As alternatives to many proposed Light Rail Systems
 - 'Purple Line'
 - 'Brooklyn' Light Rail
 - '42nd Street' Light Rail
- Why...
 - Good Mobility is Needed/Desired
 - Low-speed driverless shuttles will provide better service, cheaper.







Evolve to Deploy Fleets of Higher Speed autonomous Taxis of Various Sizes ...

- Why...Good mobility for everyone is Needed/Desired
 - We've looked at how such systems fleets could serve the mobility needs of New Jersey...
 - Could engender substantial Casual Ridesharing
 - Provide on-demand mobility to essentially everyone
 - Take today's AVO =~ 1.0 -> ~2.0
 - Cut Energy, Pollution, GHG in half!
 - Peak-hour, Peak direction AVO ~ 3.0
 - Eliminates congestion
 - Increase ridership on NJ Transit Rail by 5X
 - 'Transit' would now serve 90% of the daily trips ... Rule the World!

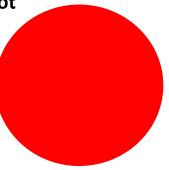


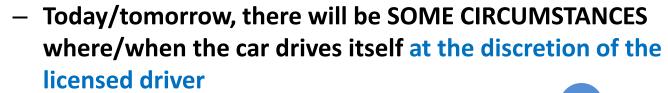




Wait... 'Irrespective of the driver's discretion' ???

- Cars (or Trucks or Buses) where, under some well-defined circumstances, each car can drive itself (no human intervention)
 - Yesterday', ALL CIRCUMSTANCES required a licensed driver
 - Let's represent these circumstances with a red dot





- Let's represent these circumstances with a Blue dot
- There are OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES where/when the car drives itself irrespective of the driver's discretion
 - Let's represent these circumstances with a Green dot













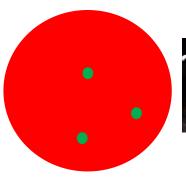


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"Safe-Driving Car" (or Truck or Bus)

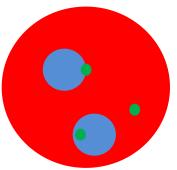
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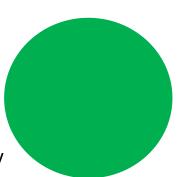


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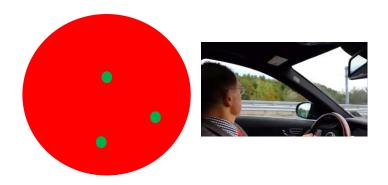


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	12 mph test			25 mph test				Forward collision warning
Speed reduction (mph)	less than 5	5 to 9	10 or more	less than 5	5 to 9	10 to 21	22 or more	n/a
Points	0	1	2	0	1	2	3	1









2005 Grand Challenge Team

Team Leader

Alain Kornhauser*71P03

Real-time Decision System
Andrew Saxe'08

Organizational Systems
Rachel Blair'06

Computing Systems
Anand Atreya'07

Object Detection System Brendan Collins'08



Mechanical Systems Gordon Franken'08

Electronic Systems
Bryan Cattle'07

Control Systems
Scott Schiffres'06

Planning Systems Josh Herbach'08







Everyone Has Riden in a *Driverless* Vehicle



Heathrow PodCar



Everyone Has Riden in a *Driverless* Vehicle

CAUTION

A **Driverless vehicle** has yet to 'drive' **the 1**st **Foot** without anyone in (or closely monitoring) the vehicle on a conventional, normally-operating public roadway!

(a driverless vehicle has yet to drive **EMPTY** down 'Nassau Street in Princeton' or 'El Segundo Blvd in Mountainview' or the 'PA Turnpike' during Mid-day or even Mid-night!)







How can Smart Driving Cars Help?

- Provide Inexpensive Door2Door Mobility to all w/o Driver Privilege
 - Obviously enormous societal benefits; HOWEVER....
 - Requires "NHTSA Level4" Driverless "autonomousTaxi"
 - Else it must incur a labor cost
 - Bad News....Unlikely Soon...
 - California Proposed Regulations Forbid Testing of "Driverless" on Public Streets
 - We have yet to go the "first meter" Driverless on an "unprepared" Public Street
 - Good News.... Experience with the near-term "Level2" & "slow-speed Level 4" will prepare us to achieve the general "NHTSA Level4" Driverless aTaxi"







What are the Bottlenecks in Trans-Hudson Mobility

- Automobiles
 - Forget about it
- Rail
 - The Amtrak Tunnels
 - Few stations
- Buses
 - PABT
 - 495 viaduct
 - Lincoln Tunnel











Increasing Bus Capacity To Mid-town Manhattan Would Involve Three Elements:

- Increasing the capacity of the PABT, particularly to accommodate outbound passengers in the PM peak*
- Increasing the capacity to feed buses into the terminal for PM outbound service, either by making bus storage space available in Manhattan or by expediting the PM eastbound flow of buses through the Lincoln Tunnel.
- Increasing the AM peak hour flow of buses through the XBL

*currently under study







How can Smart Driving Cars Help?

- Substantially Reduce Accidents of Elderly still driving
 - Now Available... "NHTSA Level2" ADAS (Automated Driver Assistance Systems)
- Provide Door2Door On-Demand Mobility in 55+ Gated Communities
 - Now Available... "Slow-Speed, NHTSA Level4" Driverless Systems







How can Smart Driving Cars Help?

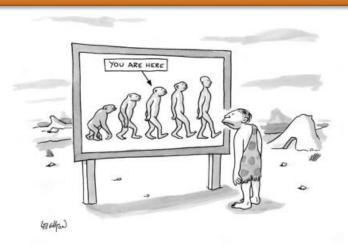
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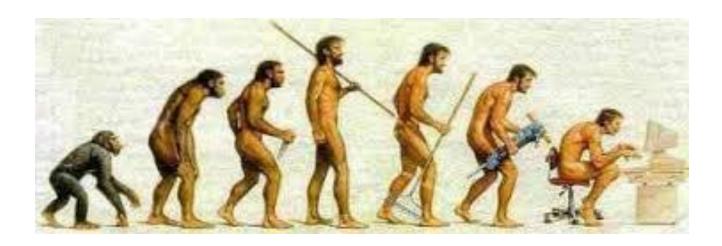






Where are we in this Technological Evolution?







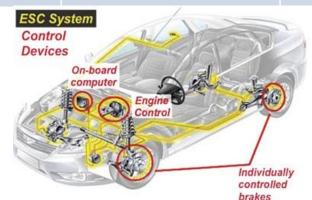




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O+ "Oth generation automated systems": (Anti-lock Brakes & Electronic Stability Control)	less # claims; but \$\$\$ higher	Some Comfort	Public sector	Slightly fewer crashes





Both: Override the driver and "Do the right thing"





Prospect Eleven & 2005 Competition

















the making of a monster



2005 Grand Challenge









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Objective

• Enrich the academic experience of the students

Constraints

Very little budget

Guiding Principles

Simplicity











Homemade

"Unlike the fancy "drive by wire" system employed by Stanford and VW, Princeton's students built a homemade set of gears to drive their pickup. I could see from the electronics textbook they were using that they were learning as they went."





Fall 2004



Fall 2005



It wasn't so easy...

It Wasn't So Easy









Pimp My Ride



Summary Video



Princeton University



Road to the Challenge



Princeton University











Link to GPS Tracks



